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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/645,217 08/24/2000		David F Broadbent	437312000400	4405	
7.	590 06/18/2003				
Robert V Racunas Jr Esq Kirpatrick & Lockhart LLP Henry W Oliver Building 535 Smithfield Street			EXAMINER		
			CHEUNG, MARY DA ZHI WANG		
Pittsburgh, PA			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
5 ,			. 3621	. 3621	
			DATE MAILED: 06/18/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

· •		$\mathcal{A}$				
	Applicati n No.	Applicant(s)				
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	09/645,217	BROADBENT ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Mary Cheung	3621				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the c ver sheet with the	corresp naence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDON	imely filed  bys will be considered timely.  In the mailing date of this communication.  ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 A	<u> August 2000</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ Th	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) $\underline{1-17}$ is/are pending in the application						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accept						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep		Oved by the Examiner.				
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	arrintor.					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority updar 35 LLS C & 119/	a)-(d) or (f)				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority drider 33 0.3.0. § 113(	a)-(a) 61 (1).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		tion No				
Copies of the certified copies of the prior						
application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
14) 🖾 Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	(e) (to a provisional application).				
<ul> <li>a)  The translation of the foreign language pro</li> <li>15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesting</li> </ul>	• •					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2	5) Notice of Informa	ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s) I Patent Application (PTO-152)				
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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

2. Claims 1-3 and 5-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is not being in the technological art.

As to claims 1-3 and 5-6, simply stating in the preamble that the method is computer implemented is not enough to place the invention in the technological art. As to technological art recited in the preamble, mere recitations in the preamble (i.e. intended or filed of use) or mere implication of employing a machine or article of manufacture to perform some or all of the recited steps does not confer statutory subject matter to an otherwise abstract unless there is positive recitation in the claim as to a whole to breathe life and meaning into the preamble. In present case, none of the recited steps are directed to anything in the technological art as explained above with the exception of the recitation in the preamble that the method is "computerized". Looking at the claim as a whole, nothing the body of the claim recites any structure or functionality to suggest that computer performs the recited steps. Therefore, the preamble is taken to merely recited a field of use.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 5. Claims 1-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dykstra et al., U. S. Patent 5,611,052 in view of Anderson et al., U. S. Patent 6,209,095.

As to claim 1, Dykstra teaches a computer implement method for generating a set of required procedures for processing a mortgage loan comprising the acts of (abstract):

- a) Receiving a request to process a mortgage loan (column 4 lines 12-40 and Fig. 2A);
- b) Generating a plurality of tasks, the tasks comprising actions required to process the mortgage loan (Figs. 2A-2F);
- c) Distributing one or more of the tasks to one or more systems capable of performing one or more of the tasks (column 3 line 33 column 4 line 11 and Figs. 1-2A).

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by federal or state law. However, this matter is taught by Anderson as processing mortgage loan application, and said application is designed to be complied with mortgage lending regulations (column 10 lines 65-67 and Fig. 25). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to allow the mortgage processing method of Dykstra to include the feature of the requiring mortgage application process to be complied with the mortgage lending regulations for preventing illegal loan transactions.

As to claim 2, monitoring completion of the plurality of tasks whereby a report of completion of all required tasks can be generated is taught by Dykstra as generating a report when the loan process is completed (Fig. 2A).

As to claim 3, Dykstra teaches authenticating a person submitting the request to process a mortgage loan (Figs. 2A-2B).

As to claim 4, Dykstra teaches electronically transferring the plurality of tasks required to process the loan to an electronic loan processing workflow engine for controlling and managing execution of the tasks (Figs. 1-2A).

As to claim 5, the plurality of tasks required to process the mortgage loan are based upon mortgage loan related laws and regulations comprising Federal, State, local and professional regulations and requirements and implementing instructions relating to mortgage loan processing is taught by Dykstra modified by Anderson as processing mortgage loan application, and said application is designed to be complied with mortgage lending regulations (see claim 1 above).

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As to claim 6, producing a completion certificate is taught by Dykstra as generating a report when the loan process is completed (Fig. 2A).

As to claim 9, selected vendors are automatically notified by the compliance engine to perform a task and to report task completion to the compliance engine is taught by Dykstra as selected vendors (i.e. credit bureau) are automatically notified by the Direct Lending CPU to perform a task and to report task completion to the Direct Lending CPU (column 4 line 41 – column 5 line 12 and Figs. 1-2A).

Claims 7-8 and 10-17 are rejected for the similar reasons as claims 1-6.

#### Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Sinclair (U. S. Patent 6,208,979) discloses selectively matches credit applicants with money lenders through a global communications network.

DeFrancesco, Jr. et al. (U. S. Patent 6,505,176) discloses a workflow management system automatically coordinates the workflow among various workgroups and entities involved in the credit application process. The steps and rule tests that define an organization's workflow are customized according to the workflow requirements and process steps for each organization.

Lent et al. (U. S. Patent 6,567,791) discloses for presenting a reason for the rejection of a credit application from an applicant.

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Peter (JP 06301706 A) discloses providing a data processing system calculates the optimum value of combinations of a loan, a revised limit amount of a credit loan, postponement of installment payment.

### Inquire

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mary Cheung whose telephone number is (703)-305-0084. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday – Thursday from 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Trammell, can be reached on (703) 305-9768.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1113.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceedings is assigned are as follows:

(703) 305-7687 (Official Communic

(Official Communications; including After Final

Communications labeled "BOX AF")

(703) 746-5619

(Draft Communications)

Hand delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park 5, 2451 Crystal

Drive, 7<sup>th</sup> Floor Receptionist.

Mary Cheung Patent Examiner Art Unit 3621 June 11, 2003